task_w3wf215v2u98ty07_with_calculation

Student Group

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efficiency, charges, power, exam ee1 SS2023

Exercise E9 Efficiency
(written test, approx. 14 % of a 60-minute written test, SS2023)

... $U_\rm S = 3.5 ~\rm V$. The battery shall provide energy for a mobile device with a load resistance of $R_\rm L = 2 ~\Omega$. The following values are from the lithium-ion battery datasheet: ... $e = 1.602 \cdot 10^{-19} ~\rm C$.

... **lowest possible efficiency**?

Result

Solution

Solution

- Typical capacity: $2'600 ~\rm mAh$
- Maximum discharge current: $I_{\rm Dis max} = 3 ~\rm A$

\Omega} \over{2 ~\Omega + 0.05 ~\Omega}} \end{align*}

Lowest efficiency ... current, so for $R_\rm L + R_\rm i$ ... in this case, the efficiency ...

1. Draw an **equivalent circuit diagram** with the internal resistance and an external load. Label all voltages and currents.

\begin{align*} n_{\rm Li^+} ={{Q}\over{q_\rm e}} \\ \\ Q &= 2.6 {~\rm Ah} \\ &= 2.6 \cdot 3600 {~\rm As} \\ &= 9360 {~\rm As} = 9360 {~\rm C} \end{align*}

\begin{align*} \eta &= {{U_\rm S - R_\rm i \cdot I_{\rm Dis max}}\over{U_\rm S}} \\ &= 1 - R_\rm i \cdot {{I_{\rm Dis max}}\over{U_\rm S}} \\ &= 1 - 0.05 {~\rm \Omega} \cdot {{3~\rm A}\over{3.5 ~\rm V}} \\ \end{align*}

Result