

task_kricv9fh7haauo6q_with_calculation

Student Group

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Table of Contents

Exercise E13 Complex Impedance Circuit (written test, approx. 15 % of a 60-minute written test, WS2022)	2
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complex impedance, exam ee1 WS2022

Exercise E13 Complex Impedance Circuit (written test, approx. 15 % of a 60-minute written test, WS2022)

2. Calculate the circuit impedance Z for the circuit shown in the figure. The voltage source $u(t) = 3.0 \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 15 \cdot t)$ V is connected to a series combination of an inductor of $330 \mu\text{H}$ and a capacitor of $0.22 \mu\text{F}$.

Solution: The circuit impedance Z is the sum of the inductor impedance $Z_L = j\omega L$ and the capacitor impedance $Z_C = -j/\omega C$. The angular frequency is $\omega = 2\pi \cdot 15 \text{ kHz} = 94.2 \text{ rad/s}$.

Result: $Z = 19.8 \text{ } \Omega$

Draw the circuit diagram of the given circuit and label all components, voltages, and currents.

$$Z = \frac{U}{I} \quad I = \frac{U}{Z} \quad Z_C = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot f \cdot C} \quad \omega = 2\pi \cdot 15 \text{ kHz} \cdot 0.22 \mu\text{F}$$

$$Z_L = \omega L = 2\pi \cdot 15 \text{ kHz} \cdot 330 \mu\text{H}$$

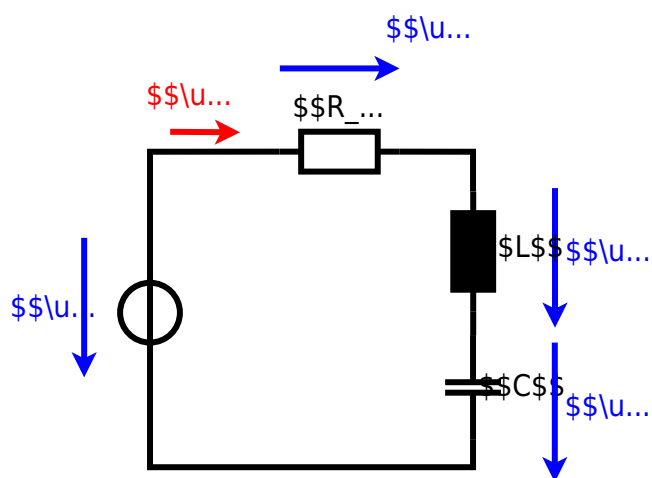
$$\underline{Z} = R + \underline{Z}_L + \underline{Z}_C = R + j\omega L - j/\omega C$$

$$\underline{Z} = R + j(\omega L - 1/\omega C) = R + j(19.8 \text{ } \Omega - 19.8 \text{ } \Omega) = R$$

$$\underline{Z} = R = 19.8 \text{ } \Omega$$

$$|\underline{Z}| = \sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L - 1/\omega C)^2} = \sqrt{19.8^2 + 0^2} = 19.8 \text{ } \Omega$$





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