

# calc\_decimal\_example

## Student Group

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§I. Calculation example for decimal value

value		2	6	5	8 ,	4	7
index	\$i\$	3	2	1	0	-1	-2
\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$
\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$
\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$
\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$	\$\quad\quad\$
value		2	6	5	8 ,	4	7
index	\$i\$	3	2	1	0	-1	-2
place value	\$B^i\$	$\{10^3\}$	$\{10^2\}$	$\{10^1\}$	$\{10^0\}$	$\{10^{-1}\}$	$\{10^{-2}\}$
digit	\$z_i\$	2	6	5	8	4	7
calc.	$\frac{z_i}{B^i}$	2000	600	50	8	0.4	0.07
Result	$\sum z_i B^i$	2658,47					
aus (2+3)		$\{I_p\} = \{I_m\} = 0$			$\{I_p\}$ und $\{I_m\}$ sind damit definiert		
aus (6)		$\{I_o\} = \{I_1\}$			$\{I_o\}$ ist damit bekannt, wenn $\{I_1\}$ bekannt ist		
aus (7) und (3)		$\{I_1 - I_2 - \{0\} = 0$					
		$\{I_1 = I_2 = \{0\}$					
		$\{I_1\} = \{I_2\} = \{I_o\}$			mit (8) und (9): $\{I_{boxed}\} = \{I_{boxed}\} \{R_{boxed}\}$ und (5)		
		$\{U_1\} \{R_1\} = \{U_2\} \{R_2\} = \{U_A\} \{R_1 + R_2\}$			Spannungsteilerformel, $\{I\} = \text{const.}$		
(10)		$\{U_2\} = \{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}$			Spannungsteilerformel		

§II. Betrachtung der Spannungsverstärkung

aus (0)		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_E\}}$	
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_E\}}$	mit (4): $\{U_E\} = \{U_2\} + \{U_D\}$
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_2\} + \{U_D\}}$	mit (10): $\{U_2\} = \{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}$
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}} + \{U_D\}}$	mit (1)
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}} + \frac{\{U_A\} \{A_D\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}}$	
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}} + \frac{\{U_A\} \{A_D\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}}$	Erweitern mit $\frac{\{R_1 + R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}$
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}} + \frac{\{U_A\} \{A_D\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}}$	
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}} + \frac{\{U_A\} \{A_D\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}}$	Bruch umformen
		$\{A_V\} = \frac{\{U_A\}}{\{U_A\} \frac{\{R_2\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}} + \frac{\{U_A\} \{A_D\}}{\{R_1 + R_2\}}}$	

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