

Display of periodic signals on the oscilloscope

Student Group

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Build the following circuit in [figure 1](#) with the function generator and the oscilloscope.

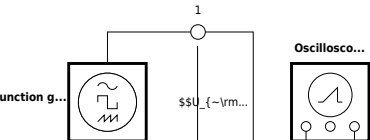


Fig. 1: Periodic signals on the oscilloscope

Set the signals listed in [table 1](#) on the function generator and draw the corresponding oscilloscope screen images. The signal display on the oscilloscope should optimally fill the screen

Signal shape	Frequency	Amplitude
Sine	1.0 kHz	1.8 V
Triangle	4.0 kHz	3.0 V
Square (unipo...	2.0 kHz	5.0 V
Square (bipol...	5.0 kHz	2.0 V
Sine... Text is not SVG - cannot display	2.5 kHz	4.0 V...

Tab. 1: Signals

Also document the settings of the used channels, the time base, and the GND line on the left side of the screen drawings.

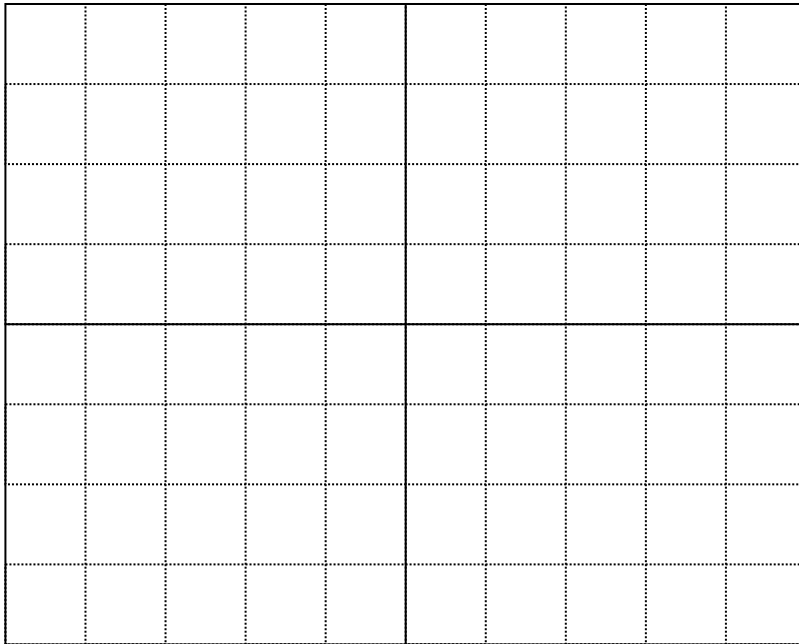


Fig. 2: Sine, $f = 1\text{kHz}$, $U = 1,8\text{V}$

Channel 1: $\frac{V}{\text{DIV}} =$

Time basis: $\frac{T}{\text{DIV}} =$

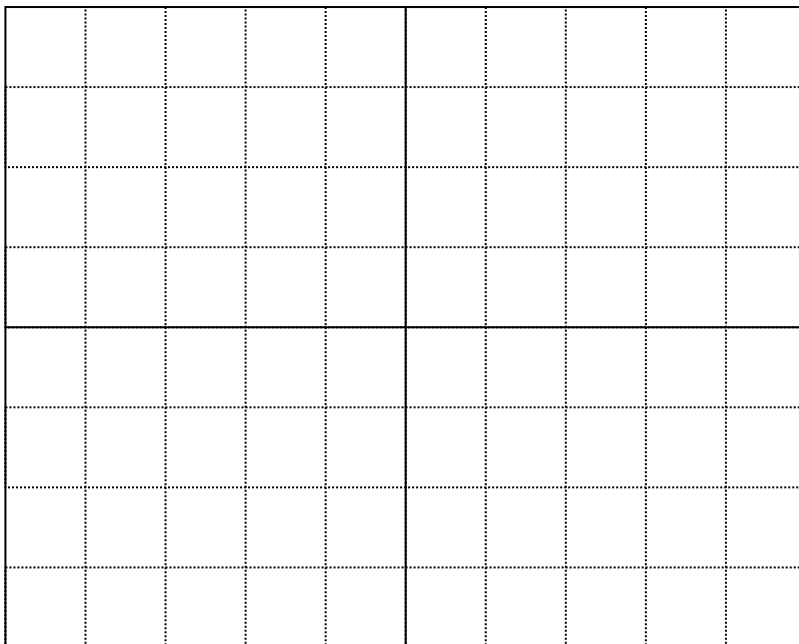


Fig. 3: Triangle, $f = 4\text{kHz}$, $U = 3\text{V}$

Channel 1: $\frac{V}{\text{DIV}} =$

Time basis: $\frac{T}{\text{DIV}} =$

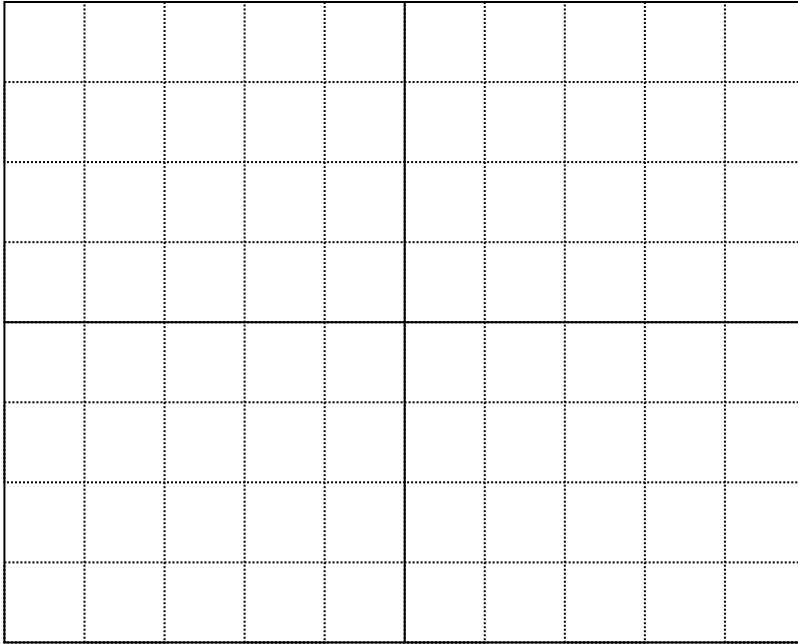


Fig. 4: Rectangle, unipolar, $f = 2\text{kHz}$, $U = 5\text{V}$

Channel 1: $\frac{V}{\text{DIV}} =$

Time basis: $\frac{T}{\text{DIV}} =$

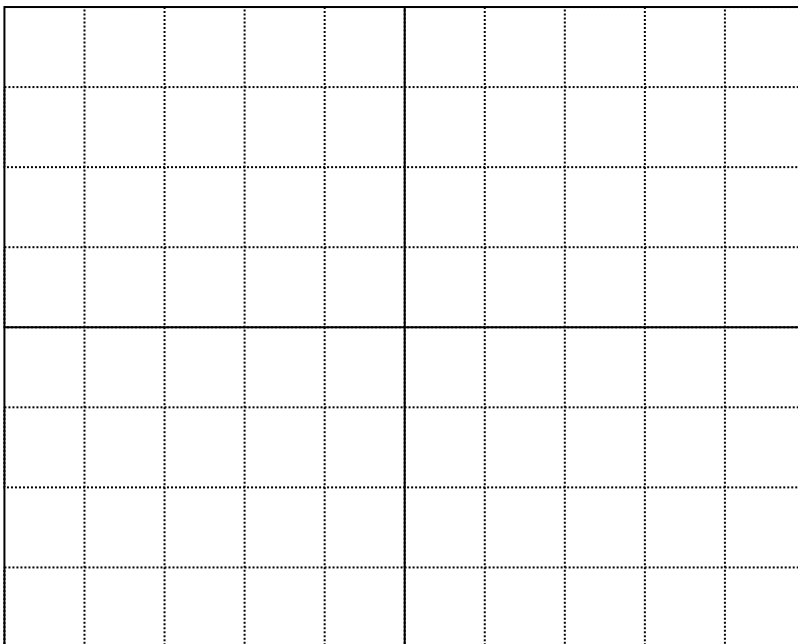


Fig. 5: Rectangle, bipolar, $f = 5\text{kHz}$, $U = 2\text{V}$

Channel 1: $\frac{V}{\text{DIV}} =$

Time basis: $\frac{T}{\text{DIV}} =$

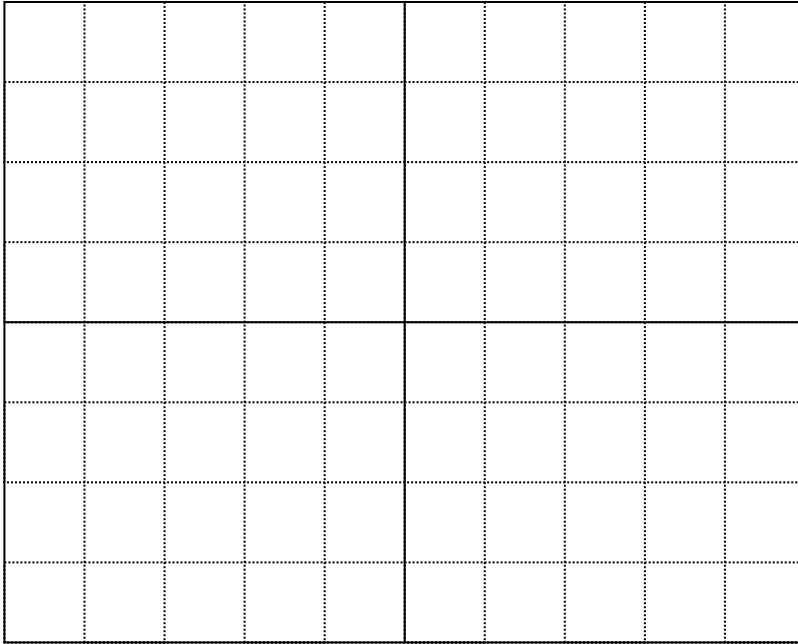


Fig. 6: Sine DC Offset, $f = 2,5\text{kHz}$, $U = 4\text{V}$, $U_{\text{DC}} = 2\text{V}$

Channel 1: $\frac{V}{\text{DIV}} =$

Time basis: $\frac{T}{\text{DIV}} =$

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